

A Masonic association in New York, called the Lodge of Perfection, performed a singular ceremony last week—a sort of initiation of Christian baptism. It is described as follows: "The members having entered in procession, were followed by a party with six children, some borne on cushions and others led by sponsors and parents—a man following blind with the sacred triangle of burning candles. This company made three circuits, escorted by the lodge, the Masons chanting praises. Then advancing to the East, they stood before the Grand Master. Prayer was read and a hymn was sung. The orator then addressed the sponsors and children, admonishing them to be true to themselves, their neighbors, their country and their God. Another prayer was then repeated. A font of perfumed water stood before the Grand Master. Taking each child's hand, he immersed it in the water, repeating its name and the words, 'I wash thee with pure water. May God give thee and maintain thee in that innocence and purity of heart of which this cleansing is a symbol.' He then marked on the forehead of each child a triangle with consecrated oil, and pronounced the invocation of blessing. A hymn was then sung; the brethren knelt and uttered a solemn vow to watch and protect these children through life. Each parent of salt in confirmation of the pledge. A lock of salt was presented to each of the children, and a ring to the boys; also the triangle and an apron. A benediction completed the rite."

Fenianism.
The following is the candid and ingenious answer of Mr. Stephens to the acknowledged head of Fenianism in Ireland, on being arraigned before the Magistrate, on the charge of conspiring to levy war against the Queen, to establish a republic in Ireland and separate it from England:
The magistrate declared that his case was *prima facie*, so clear, that he felt bound to commit him:
Mr. Stephens, upon being asked if he had any statement to make, replied in these memorable words: "I look on this matter as a patriot. I feel bound to say, with the view to my own reputation, that I have employed no attorney or lawyer in this case, and that I mean to employ one, because in making a plea of defence of any kind, I should be recognizing British law in Ireland. Now I deliberately and conscientiously repudiate the existence of that law in Ireland, its right, or even its existence, and defy any punishment, and despite any punishment that can be inflicted on me. I have spoken."

There are at this time fifty-five telegraphic submarine cables in successful operation, the shortest of which is two miles in length; the longest, one thousand five hundred and eighty-five statute miles. Of these cables two are over one thousand miles in length; four are over five hundred miles in length; four over three hundred miles in length; and fourteen more than one hundred and less than two hundred miles long. The longest telegraphic cable in successful operation is that from Malta to Alexandria, which is one thousand five hundred and eighty-five miles in length. On the continent of North America there are six thousand nine hundred and seventy-six miles of submarine wire in successful operation, and eleven thousand one hundred and twenty-seven miles in all other parts of the world.

Effect of Reputation.—We clip the following advertisement from the Wilmington (N. C.) Dispatch. It explains itself.
Reputation.—In consequence of the reputation by the representatives of the people of North Carolina of their fidelity and honesty contracted debt, I and my children have been made losers to the extent of ninety-four thousand (\$94,000) dollars in bonds authorized by the Legislature of 1860, in favor of the Wilmington, Charlotte and Rutherford Railroad. This compels me to offer myself as an instructor in French, music on the piano, and singing, at the residence of my father, Dr. A. J. Delbosset, corner of Second and Dock.

Good Advice to Business Men.—If you want to coin money, advertise. Keep your name before the public. Make it known, you think and talk about you. Make it believe you are doing a something business. Now a day's man who stops advertising, might as well tie a rope on his door. It's the life of trade, the animus of competition. If your neighbor has one column in the morning paper do you occupy two. A thousand dollars in a newspaper always pays, and it is the knowledge of this fact, and the courage to buy money for the time being in this manner, that has made the fortune of half the "crime aristocracy of the country"—*Carolinian.*

From the beginning of April to the end of June, the Shenandoah destroyed and bodded 29 vessels, the following are their names:
Bark Ed. Carey, Bark Harvey, Bark Pearl, Ship Hector, Bark Abigail, Ship Suphates Ship W. Thompson, Bark Jish Swift, Ship S. Thornton, Bark S. Abigail, Ship G. Williams, Bark Nimrod, Bark Wm. C. Nye, 1 ark Catherine, Bark G. sey, Bark Isabelle, Ship Blman, Ship J. Howard, Ship Nassau, Bark Brunswick, Bark Waverly, Bark Martin, Bark George, Bark Fort, Bark Cornington, Ship Milo, Bark Gen. Pike, Bark Life, Bark Jas. Henry.

"Spare the rod and spoil the child," is undoubtedly a good maxim; yet, nevertheless, it is a well understood fact that forty rods make one Road (road).
A poet in the Nebraska City News concludes a long poem with the following lines: They contain more truth than poetry:
"Well, such is life! Whom the gods love Die young. Whom they hate, live and prosper, And are elected delegates to Congress From the several Territories."

Boy and Knowledge.—Coleridge, in one of the most beautiful of similes, illustrates the pregnant truth that the more we know the greater is our thirst for knowledge, and the more we love the more insatiable our sympathy. "The water lily, in the midst of waters, opens its leaves and expands its petals at the first pattering of the shower, and rejoices in the rain-drops with a quicker sympathy than the parched shrub in the sandy desert."

Death from Glanders.—A colored man in Buckeytown district, died of glanders a few weeks ago, which he contracted from a glandered horse. Persons should shoot stock when infected with this disease, as it endangers the lives of men as well as valuable beasts.—*Frederick (Md.) Citizen.*

A young miss, dressed in a white waist and blue skirt, when asked where the red needed to form the tri-color, was simply pointed to her cheeks.

Wendell Phillips, the New York "Independence," the Anti-Slavery "Standard," and the Boston "Commercial," warn the radicals to be beware of Beecher.

The receipts of the Government from all sources, for the quarter ending September 30, were \$439,801,605.19. The expenses for same period \$374,855,916.

It is said by Havana correspondents that the arms and ammunition used by the Jamaican negroes, in the late insurrection, were furnished from New England.

The Legislature has authorized the issue of State Treasury Notes to the amount of \$500,000. To be received in the payment of all dues, including taxes, to the State.

HEADQUARTERS,

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 31, 1865.

GENERAL ORDERS NO. 1.

The following appointments of Officers in the Militia, made by His Excellency the Governor and Commander-in-Chief, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, in pursuance of an Act of the General Assembly, to provide for the re-organization of the Militia, are hereby announced, and they will be obeyed and respected accordingly:

1st Division.
Major-General M. W. Gary, Edgefield.
1st Brigade—Brigadier-General Joseph Newton Brown, Anderson.
1st Regiment—Colonel Absalom Dwyer, Greenville.
2d Regiment—Colonel W. C. Keith, Pickens.
3d Regiment—Colonel R. B. Arnold, Greenville.
4th Regiment—Colonel Charles S. Mattison, Anderson.
5th Regiment—Colonel E. H. Barton, Pickens.
6th Regiment—Colonel Thomas B. Lee, Anderson.

To command companies of mounted men—Colonel W. H. Perry, Greenville.
2d Brigade—Brigadier-General Alex. C. Haskell, Abbeville.
3d Brigade—Colonel G. McDuffie Miller, Abbeville.
4th Regiment—Colonel Robert Lanham, Edgefield.
5th Regiment—Colonel J. Townes Robertson, Abbeville.
6th Regiment—Colonel Benjamin Roper, Edgefield.
7th Regiment—Colonel James Mitchell, Edgefield.
8th Regiment—Colonel James Mitchell, Edgefield.

To command companies of mounted men—Colonel J. C. Cochran, Abbeville.
2d Division.
Major-General Johnson Hagood, Barnwell.
3d Brigade—Brigadier-General William Elliott, Beaufort.
4th Regiment—Colonel Jas. R. Hagood, Barnwell.
5th Regiment—Colonel Henry C. Smart, Beaufort.
6th Regiment—Colonel Wm. L. Campbell, Colleton.
7th Regiment—Colonel Donald R. Barton, Orangeburg.
8th Regiment—Colonel J. M. Steadman, Lexington.

To command companies of mounted men—Colonel Wm. Stokes, Colleton.
4th Brigade—Brigadier-General John A. Wagner, Charleston.
5th Regiment—Colonel Edward Magrath, Charleston.
6th Regiment—Colonel Samuel Lord, Jr., Charleston.
7th Regiment—Colonel Thos. E. Rayson, Charleston.
8th Regiment—Colonel J. C. Cain, Berkeley.
9th Regiment—Colonel C. H. Simonton, Charleston.

To command companies of mounted men—Colonel P. Bacot Allison, Charleston.
3d Division.
Major-General J. B. Kersey, Kershaw.
4th Brigade—Brigadier-General F. W. McMaster, Richland.
5th Regiment—Colonel J. Harrington Cooper, Sumter.
6th Regiment—Colonel T. F. Clyburne, Lancaster.
7th Regiment—Colonel L. W. R. Blair, Kershaw.
8th Regiment—Colonel John Meighan, Richland.
9th Regiment—Colonel W. T. Lesesne, Charleston.

To command companies of mounted men—Colonel Robert M. Sims, Lancaster.
6th Brigade—Brigadier-General Wm. A. Walker, Chester.
7th Regiment—Colonel Jas. P. Macfie, Fairfield.
8th Regiment—Colonel J. H. Rion, Fairfield.
9th Regiment—Colonel Grandison Williams, Chester.
10th Regiment—Colonel John R. Culp, Chester.

To command companies of mounted men—Colonel Thomas W. Woodward, Fairfield.
4th Division.
Major-General Robert F. Graham, Marion.
5th Brigade—Brigadier-General W. H. Evans, Darlington.
6th Regiment—Colonel W. Allen Benton, Marlboro.
7th Regiment—Colonel J. A. Law, Darlington.
8th Regiment—Colonel C. M. Weatherly, Marlboro.
9th Regiment—Colonel P. L. Drexton, York.

To command companies of mounted men—Colonel P. L. Drexton, York.
10th Regiment—Brigadier-General Jas. F. Pressley, Williamsburg.
11th Regiment—Colonel Jas. McCutchen, Williamsburg.
12th Regiment—Colonel Duncan McIntyre, Marion.
13th Regiment—Colonel Amijah H. Johnston, Horry.
14th Regiment—Colonel Amijah H. Johnston, Horry.

To command companies of mounted men—Colonel Benjamin Allison, Georgetown.
5th Division.
Major-General James H. Williams, Newberry.
6th Brigade—Brigadier-General J. C. Win-smith, Spartanburg.
7th Regiment—Colonel Joseph A. McLean, Newberry.
8th Regiment—Colonel James Douglass, Union.
9th Regiment—Colonel Thos. J. Moore, Spartanburg.
10th Regiment—Colonel J. Banks Lyles, Spartanburg.
11th Regiment—Colonel John M. White, York.

To command companies of mounted men—Colonel J. G. McKissick, Union.
10th Brigade—Brigadier-General R. P. Todd, Laurens.
11th Regiment—Colonel Thomas W. Gary, Newberry.
12th Regiment—Colonel Wm. Lester, Newberry.
13th Regiment—Colonel G. W. Culbertson, Laurens.
14th Regiment—Colonel G. F. Mosely, Laurens.
15th Regiment—Colonel Harrison Floyd, Spartanburg.

To command companies of mounted men—Colonel Robert Betsel, Union.
II. Major-Generals commanding Divisions, will immediately proceed to issue their orders to their respective Brigadier-Generals to re-organize their respective commands, by the election of all commissioned officers of the line and below the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, and by the appointment of non-commissioned officers.
III. Officers, now in commission, will continue to exercise their respective offices until their successors shall be elected and commissioned, and promptly carry into execution all orders given by their superiors in rank.

IV. The organization of the companies raised, under the proclamation of Governor Perry, for the police of the State, into battalions and regiments in the respective brigades, will be suspended until further orders from this Department; and, in the meantime, the officers of such companies will carefully observe the orders issued by the Post Commandants of the United States forces in the respective Districts, and only employ their organizations as an auxiliary police force to aid the United States authorities in preserving order.

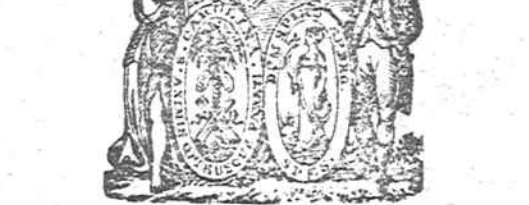
V. Colonels commanding regiments will report the organization of their respective commands,

and their effective force to the Brigadier-Generals commanding Divisions, who will make a consolidated return of their respective brigades, through their Major-Generals, to the office of the Adjutant and Inspector General, (at present at Newberry Court House), on or before the 15th day of March next.

By order of the Governor:
A. C. GARLINGTON,
Adj't and Insp'r Gen'l of S. C.

Jan 4 1.

Proclamation!



By His Excellency JAMES L. ORR, Governor of the State of South Carolina.

INFORMATION has been communicated to this Department, by the Hon. William H. Seward, Secretary of State, that the President of the United States has relieved the Hon. Benjamin F. Perry from further discharge of his duties as Provisional Governor of the State, and has re-assigned the "care and condition of the proper affairs of the State to the constitutional authorities chosen by the people thereof."

This intelligence will be highly gratifying, as it is an important step in the early restoration of the people to the enjoyment of all their civil rights. It is the harbinger of the re-establishment of those friendly relations, in every section of the Union, which have been so long alienated and estranged.

In retiring from his position, Governor Perry carries with him the thanks of the people of South Carolina, for the wisdom, zeal, fidelity and ability with which he discharged the grave, delicate and important duties of his office.

In entering upon the duties of Constitutional Governor, it is proper that I should declare the present status of the State to the Executive Department of the Federal Government, and to the military authorities acting under the instructions of the President; so that the people knowing, may yield, prompt obedience to all lawful authority.

The order suspending the writ of *habeas corpus*, issued by the President, has not been modified or revoked in this State, and the military authority is, therefore, paramount in all such matters as they are instructed to take jurisdiction of, and as such, will be respected by all orderly and law-abiding people.

The military claim jurisdiction in all cases of disloyalty to the Government and infractions of its laws; to preserve order and discipline in and near their garrisons; to adjudge and determine all controversies in which freedmen or freedmen and whites are engaged, including violations of State laws by freedmen; in all cases of wrong or injury done to its officers and soldiers; and in an auxiliary in aiding Treasury agents to recover United States property, and the Freedmen's Bureau in supervising contracts of labor with freedmen. Whenever a person, therefore, is arrested by military authority on either of the above grounds, they have jurisdiction of the case and are instructed not to obey any writ of *habeas corpus* for the release of such person.

I therefore advise and admonish the people of this State not to allow themselves to be inveigled or seduced by bad or misguided men into collisions with the military authorities. If the order of an officer is arbitrary, or the conduct of officer or private is illegal or oppressive, upon proper representations to the District Commanders or to the distinguished Commander of the Department, adequate and prompt redress will be afforded and the wrongs of the people punished.

In all controversies between citizens, arising out of wrongs or injuries done to person or property, and in all violations of the penal code by citizens, the laws are in full force, and the courts will be opened henceforth on every circuit to administer law and punish crime. The vicious, the lawless, and the desperate will speedily be overtaken by justice and the majesty of the laws re-established and vindicated.

The people of this State, who have neither land nor capital, are earnestly admonished to make contracts at once for labor for the next year. They may be assured that the Government will not give them lands, stock or agricultural implements, nor will any food hereafter be furnished to those who are able to work. Those who will not work will very soon be immersed in vice, crime and disgrace. If the colored people really desire to elevate their race and make themselves respectable, it can only be attained by sobriety, industry, economy and honesty.

It is the duty of the citizen, as it is a wise policy, to treat the freedmen with kindness, humanity and justice, and aid him to ameliorate and elevate his condition. Under such a policy, a majority of them will labor patiently and faithfully, and the eyes will be greeted everywhere with blooming fields, fruitful harvests, and well filled granaries.

Given under my hand and the seal of the State, in the city of Columbia, this twenty-fifth day of December, in the year of our Lord [L. S.] one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five, and in the ninetieth year of the independence of the United States of America.

JAMES L. ORR,
Wm. R. HUNT, Secretary of State, S. C.

Jan 4 1.

Due West Female College.

THIS Institution opened in October with a full Corps of Teachers, and has now present One Hundred Pupils.

Pupils received at any time and charged from the time of entering. Tuition—Thirty-six Dollars a year. Boarding Ten Dollars a month, exclusive of washing and fuel. Tuition and board both payable in specie. J. I. BONNER, President.

English and Classical School.

THE undersigned will resume his SCHOOL on the 2d of January, to be continued until the opening of the University on the 15th of February, with special reference to those students who may wish to complete their preparations for entering the University, or who may have it in view to join the Academic Department of the University, which will open at the same time.

Terms of Tuition, \$9 in specie for the six weeks. Greenville S. C. P. C. Edwards.

House to Rent.

THAT very commodious dwelling west of Mr. J. Ward's residence, can be rented on application to Mrs. Foot. On the premises are all necessary outbuildings, also a good well of water.

Jan 1

STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA. NEWBERRY DISTRICT.

New Goods!

J. P. KINARD & SON, are now receiving J. and opening a fine selection of goods, At their residence 4 miles North of Newberry, C. H.

Their stock consists in part of the following:

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
Prints, Delaines, Black Bombazine, Silks for Ladies dresses, Flannels, bleached Homespun, Hoop Skirts, Jaconet, check Muslin, Gingham, Worsteds goods, Black Alpaca, Ladies cloth cloaks, Balmoral Skirts, Ladies' and men's Gloves, Hosiery of all kinds, Ladies' and gent's linen handkerchiefs, Leather and Silk Belts, Ladies' collars and cuffs, Gentlemen's collars, linen and paper, Shirt Fronts, white and colored spool cotton, needles, hair-pins, combs and brushes, &c.

CLOTHING,

Cassimere for Pants, Coats, Vests, and cloths.

HATS,

For Ladies and Gentlemen.

SHOES AND BOOTS.

Of all kinds.

CUTLERY.

Knives, Forks, Collins' Axes, Nails, Tracochains, Buck-ts and Tubs, Sieves, Shovels, and Spades, Chisels, Augers and Files, Gun caps, &c. Also a good assortment of

TIN-WARE.

Together with a fine lot of

Crockery - Ware.

Together with

GROCERIES,

Sugar and Coffee, Teas, Pepper, Spice, Macerel, Cheese, Flour, Liverpool Salt, candles, chewing and smoking Tobacco, Segars, Daggings and Rongies.

And in addition to the above a fine assortment of

Toys and Cofectionery,

We will buy all country produce, and pay cash or exchange goods for the same.

We will also buy and pay the highest market price for cotton. Any one wishing to ship their cotton to Charleston, New York or Liverpool, can do so by application to us. We will make advancements on shipments from Charleston.

nov 29 49 J. P. KINARD & SON.

Newberry Hotel.

A New Face in an Old Place!

HANING assumed the Proprietorship of the Newberry Hotel, it will hereafter be known as the Newberry Hotel. I will use my best endeavors to supply the table with good, nutritious and well-cooked food. My servants are cleanly and attentive. Every effort will be put forth for the comfort of my guests. I invite the traveling public to make me a call. I will make my terms as reasonable as possible so as to accommodate visitors from the country, business men, clerks and others, who may wish to patronize me. Feeling the necessity and importance of a well-kept public house, I will do all that I can to establish the same.

H. I. EPTING.

Newberry, Dec. 13, 1865.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD OPPORTUNITY for some one to make money! I now offer for sale my place where I live, with the TAN YARD and all its FIXTURES. Everything complete for carrying on an extensive business. Hides, Bark and Coppert, Bolters, &c., and a number of vats of Leather, in Tan, A No. 1. The labor of Tanners can be procured with Lewis the carrier. Or I will sell the place without the Tannery. Any one purchasing the Tan Yard Place, can have an opportunity of buying my Plantation on Bush River, Two Hundred and Eighty acres—about eighty Acres heavily timbered.

Also a new Dwelling House, with two acres of land, with good kitchen and a well of water, in the yard. Something over one mile from Newberry, on the road leading to Helena. Also a new Portable Steam Engine, eight horse power, never has been run. Everything in complete order. For further information apply to the subscriber.

Dec 13 61 4 I BIERFIELD.

The State of South Carolina.

NEWBERRY DISTRICT.

By John T. Peterson, Esq., Ordinary of Newberry District.

WHEREAS, John S. Birge, and L. B. Maffet have applied to me for Letters of Administration, on all and singular the goods and chattels, rights and credits of Wiley Bridges, late of the District aforesaid, deceased:

These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of the said deceased, to be and appear before me, at our next Ordinary Court for the said District, to be holden at Newberry Court House, on the 5th day of January next, to show cause, if any, why the said Administration should not be granted.

Given under my hand and Seal, this 23d day of Dec. in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

D 23 52-21. JOHN T. PETERSON, o. n. d.

THE STATE OF SOUTH CAROLINA.

NEWBERRY DISTRICT.

By J. T. Peterson, Esq., Ordinary of Newberry District.

H. L. JEFFERS & CO.,

General Agents, Commission Merchants, and LAND AGENTS.

OFFICE 118 EAST BAY, will give prompt attention to the sale of Cotton and other Produce.

WILL NEGOTIATE For the shipment of Cotton to the most reliable Houses in Europe and the North. And make liberal advances on the same when in hand for sale or shipment.

WILL BUY GOODS for Merchants and Farmers to order. WILL RECEIVE AND FORWARD GOODS. WILL BUY AND SELL Gold and Silver. WILL NEGOTIATE the Sale of Plantations, Lands and Tenements, when placed in their care. And on this subject we beg leave respectfully to say to our friends and the public, that as we were born and raised in the State, and engaged in business for thirty years, and having travelled extensively over the State, and well acquainted with the location, soil and climate, and feeling in the closest degree identified with you, we flatter ourselves that we can be of great advantage to those who wish to sell their lands or plantations. We are now in correspondence with friends who are natives of this State, but recently located in New York, which will give us additional facilities for finding the most desirable purchasers. We therefore offer our services to those who wish to dispose of their lands, etc. To such we say, send us a plain written description of your property; the district in which it is located; whether North, South, East or West, and the distances from the county site; how watered and the character of the streams; number of acres, and how many cleared and in cultivation; and as near as you can, the number of acres in bottom and upland; and your price per acre; with \$25 to cover expense of advertising; and we will serve you to the best of our ability.

IN FACT, give their personal and undivided attention to every interest committed to their care.

L. J. & CO. I most respectfully beg leave to return my sincere thanks to my friends and the public for their long and liberal patronage. I thank them. And now, as the late disastrous and fatal war is over, I am again established in this city; and (as it were) commencing anew; I therefore assure my friends and the public that my personal attention and energy shall be faithfully given to every interest committed to my care. Hence I most respectfully appeal to all my friends and the public, and solicit a share of patronage. Born and reared among you, and thirty years devoted to business under your own eye, is my reference.

Nov 8 61 H. L. JEFFERS.

Edwin Bates & Co.,

121 Meeting Street, CHARLESTON, S. C., Wholesale dealers in

DRY GOODS,

FANCY GOODS,

CLOTHING,

AND

BOOTS & SHOES,

are now receiving a large assortment of STAPLE DRY GOODS purchased during the recent decline, and offer them

At Greatly Reduced Prices.

Shall have a complete stock of CLOTHING manufactured for the Spring trade. Attention of merchants solicited.

dec 6 30 41

Jacob Sulzbacher & Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Dry Goods, Clothing Hats, Caps,

BOOTS & SHOES,

UMBRELLAS,

LADIES' & GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

MILLINERY GOODS, HOOP SKIRTS,

Groceries, Segars, &c.

Assembly Street, between Plain & Washington.

COLUMBIA, S. C.

Plain & Japanned Tin Ware.

THE following useful articles have just been received at WRIGHT'S TIN SHOP:

JAPANESE TEA AND COFFEE CANISTERS.
Molasses Pots.
Candle-sticks.
Nutmeg Graters.
Pepper Boxes.
Fancy Cups for children.
Pressed or Seamless Pans, assorted Sizes.
Tin Plates.
Soup Ladles.
Large Iron Spoons, &c.

In addition to the above, I have on hand a good assortment of PLAIN TINWARE, and having received a good supply of the very best material—both of TIN and SHEET IRON, I will manufacture in the neatest and most substantial manner, all kinds of Tin and Sheet Iron Ware, Store Piping, &c., usually kept in a well-regulated Tin Shop.

It is my intention to work none but the very best Stock, and having had sixteen years' practical experience in the Tinning business, and being desirous of establishing a reputation for my shop which few others have, I think I shall be able to please the most fastidious in every particular. All kinds of Job Work and Repairing done at short notice.

Oct 25 44 mo WILLIAM T. WRIGHT.

Office G. & C. R. R.

NEWBERRY, S. C., Sep. 4, 1865.

ALL FREIGHTS will be received at this Depot, and shipped without pre-payment, for other than Way Stations. Freight to Way Stations must be pre-paid as heretofore.

The Company cannot collect other than their own Freight over the Road, nor be responsible for cotton after leaving the cars.

JOHN B. LASSALLE, Gen'l Supt.

Sep. 6, 37—41

DR. J. E. DAPRAY,

Surgeon Dentist.

OFFICE on the North side of Main-street, formerly occupied and known as the Law Office of G. G. DeWalt, Esq.

Dr. Dapray is now prepared to perform all operations at the OLD PRICES for CASH or its equivalent. Chloroform administered when desired.

Newberry, June 1, '65.

Furman University, GREENVILLE, S. C.

THE EXERCISES of this Institution will be resumed on the 15th of February next.

For Circular giving further information, application may be made to

Prof. JNO. F. LANFRAU, Secretary of Faculty.

Nov. 6-46-104.

LATE ARRIVALS

OF

SPLENDID GOODS,

AT

A. HARRIS.

Fancy and Staple Dry Goods.

PRINTS.

Delaines.
Merino.
Fine Black Alpaca.
White, Colored and Red Flannel.
Sea Island Bleached Homespun.
Sea Island Homespun.
Cassimere for Pants.
Hoop Skirts for Ladies and Children.
Jaconet.
Check Muslin.
Bishop's Lawn.
Brilliant.
Cambric, all colors.
Broadcloth.
Ladies Beautiful Broadcloth Cloaks.
Checked Gingham.
Braid for Dresses.
Ladies and Men's Gloves.
Balmoral Skirts.
Balmoral Hose.
White Hose, Half Hose.
Ladies and Children's Hoods.
Basques.
Fancy Hair Combs.
Silk Handkerchiefs.
Ladies and Gents Linen Handkerchiefs.
Shirt Lotion.
Lather and Silk Belts.
Beck Buckles.
Scarfs, all sizes and prices.
Ladies